



GRAY ROCK RESOURCES LTD.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

MANAGEMENT'S COMMENTS ON UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTICE OF NO AUDIT OR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of condensed consolidated interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

"David Wolfin"

David Wolfin
President & CEO
May 30, 2017

"Malcolm Davidson"

Malcolm Davidson, CPA, CA
Chief Financial Officer
May 30, 2017

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position
As at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	Note	March 31, 2017 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2016
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash		\$ 261,819	\$ 51,287
Other receivables and prepaid expenses		4,658	28,422
		266,477	79,709
Non-Current Assets			
Investments	5	5,210	3,309
Exploration and Evaluation Assets	6	1,927,146	300,506
Reclamation Deposit	7	3,000	3,000
Other Assets		6,007	4,507
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 2,207,840	\$ 391,031
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables		\$ 24,386	\$ 30,985
Due to related parties	9	18,286	-
		42,672	30,985
Non-Current Liabilities			
Promissory notes issued to related parties	9	163,993	159,217
Site Restoration Obligation		3,000	3,000
		209,665	193,202
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	8	3,888,718	2,033,711
Contributed Surplus		468,800	-
Accumulated other comprehensive income		4,546	2,644
Deficit		(2,363,889)	(1,838,526)
		1,998,175	197,829
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		\$ 2,207,840	\$ 391,031

Note 1 – Nature of Operations and Going Concern

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on May 30, 2017:

“David Wolfin” **Director** _____
“Lee Ann Wolfin” **Director**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss
For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	Note	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
General and Administrative Expenses			
Administrative fees		\$ 6,699	\$ 5,687
Automobile		26	-
Consulting fees		12,500	-
Foreign exchange loss		114	215
Interest and bank charges		112	64
Listing and filing fees		3,988	1,300
Office and miscellaneous		5,564	2,743
Professional fees		3,538	2,500
Share-based compensation		468,800	-
Shareholder information		12,992	771
Transfer agent fees		2,115	593
Travel expense		4,139	4
Operating Loss		(520,587)	(13,877)
Other expenses			
Fair value adjustment for promissory note payable		(4,776)	-
Net Loss For The Period		(525,363)	(13,877)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income or loss			
Unrealized gain on investments	5	1,902	266
Total Comprehensive Loss		\$ (523,461)	\$ (13,611)
Basic and Diluted Loss per Share		\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.00)
Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding		18,636,072	11,832,016

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity
For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	Note	Number of Common Shares	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Equity
Balance, January 1, 2016		12,539,961	\$ 1,917,584	\$ -	\$ (1,827,548)	\$ 2,793	\$ 92,829
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	(13,877)	-	(13,877)
Other comprehensive income for the period	5	-	-	-	-	266	266
Balance, March 31, 2016		12,539,961	\$ 1,917,584	\$ -	\$ (1,841,425)	\$ 3,059	\$ 79,218
Balance, December 31, 2016		16,394,961	\$ 2,033,711	\$ -	\$ (1,838,526)	\$ 2,644	\$ 197,829
Common shares issued for cash:							
Private placement	8(b)	1,000,000	300,000	-	-	-	300,000
Share-issuance costs		-	(14,993)	-	-	-	(14,993)
Exercise of warrants	8(b)	100,000	10,000	-	-	-	10,000
Common shares issued for mineral property	8(b)	4,000,000	1,560,000	-	-	-	1,560,000
Share-based compensation		-	-	468,800	-	-	468,800
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	(525,363)	-	(525,363)
Other comprehensive income for the period	5	-	-	-	-	1,902	1,902
Balance, March 31, 2017		21,494,961	\$ 3,888,718	\$ 468,800	\$ (2,363,889)	\$ 4,546	\$ 1,998,175

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows
For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	2017	2016
Cash (used in) provided by:		
Operating Activities		
Net Loss	\$ (525,363)	\$ (13,877)
Items not involving cash in the period		
Share-based compensation	468,800	-
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Other receivables and prepaid expenses	23,765	(4,753)
Trade and other payables	(6,599)	32,636
Due to related parties	18,286	(12,464)
	(21,111)	1,542
Financing Activities		
Issuance of common shares for cash, net	285,007	-
Issuance of common shares for mineral property	1,560,000	-
Exercise of warrants	10,000	-
Promissory notes issued to related parties	4,776	-
	1,859,783	-
Investing Activities		
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	-	(2,844)
Additions to website development costs	(1,500)	-
Additions to exploration and evaluation assets	(1,626,640)	-
	(1,628,140)	(2,844)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash	210,532	(1,302)
Cash, Beginning of Period	51,287	5,759
Cash, End of Period	\$ 261,819	\$ 4,457
Supplementary Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		
Interest Expense	\$ -	\$ -
Income Taxes	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements
For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Gray Rock Resources Ltd. (“Gray Rock” or the “Company”) was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada. It is in the exploration stage with regards to its business of exploration and development of mineral properties. The Company owns the Silver Stream mineral claims in British Columbia, Canada. The Company’s head office and principal place of business is Suite 900, 570 Granville Street, Vancouver, BC, Canada.

Gray Rock is in the exploration stage and has not yet determined whether the property contains ore reserves which are economically recoverable. The underlying carrying value of the mineral property interest and related exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of Gray Rock’s interest in the mineral claims, the ability of Gray Rock to obtain necessary financing to complete the exploration and development, and future profitable production or proceeds from the sale of all or an interest in its mineral claims.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As at March 31, 2017, the Company has working capital of \$223,805 and accumulated losses of \$2,363,889. The Company has not yet generated any revenues from its operations, and requires financing through the sale of shares or issuance of debt to continue with its operations and to develop its mineral properties. Although management intends to secure additional financing, there is no assurance that management will be successful in its efforts to secure additional financing, or that it will ever develop a self-supporting business. These factors together form a material uncertainty that raises significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Statement of compliance

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34 – Interim Financial Reporting under International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). These condensed consolidated interim financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the most recent annual consolidated financial statements of the Company, except for the accounting policies, which have changed as a result of the adoption of new and revised standards and interpretations, which are effective January 1, 2017. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not contain all of the financial information required for full annual financial statements. Accordingly, these condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s December 31, 2016 annual consolidated financial statements, which were prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

Functional Currency

The presentation and functional currency of the Company and its subsidiary is the Canadian dollar.

Foreign Currency Translation

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on dates of transactions. At each financial position reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date of the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position. Non-monetary items that denominated in foreign currencies are translated at historical rates.

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
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For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016
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2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make judgements and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these judgements and estimates. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include judgements and estimates, which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such judgements and estimates are pervasive throughout the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period, in which the estimate is revised, and may affect both current and future periods.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of judgements and estimates that management has made at the statement of financial position date, which could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

Share-Based Payments

Management uses valuation techniques in measuring the fair value of share options granted. The fair value is determined using the Black Scholes option pricing model which requires management to make certain estimates, judgements, and assumptions in relation to the expected life of the share options, expected volatility, expected risk-free rate, and expected forfeiture rate. Changes to these assumptions for any share options granted could have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary Cortez, a company incorporated on June 21, 2006 in Nevada, USA.

Inter-company balances and transactions, including unrealized income and expenses arising from intercompany transactions, are eliminated on consolidation.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Site Restoration Obligation

An obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation, and environmental costs arises when environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration, development, or ongoing production of a mineral property interest. Such costs arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for and capitalized at the start of each project to the carrying amount of the asset, as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflects the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value.

These costs are charged against profit or loss over the economic life of the related asset, through depreciation using either the unit-of-production or the straight-line method. The related liability is adjusted for each year for the unwinding of the discount rate and for changes to the current market-based discount rate, amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation. Costs for restoration of subsequent site damage, which is created on an ongoing basis during production are provided for at their net present values and charged against profits as extraction progresses. The Company evaluated its site restoration obligation to be \$3,000 as at March 31, 2017 (2016 - \$3,000).

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
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4. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Changes in accounting standards not yet effective:

The Company has not early adopted any amendment, standard or interpretation that has been issued by the IASB but is not yet effective. The following accounting standards were issued but not yet effective as of March 31, 2017:

IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") which supersedes IAS 11 – Construction Contracts, IAS 18 – Revenue, IFRIC 13 – Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15 – Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18 – Transfers of Assets from Customers, and SIC 31 – Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services. IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive five-step model framework for the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the final standard is expected to have on its condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") to replace IAS 39 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement in its entirety. IFRS 9 provides a revised model for recognition and measurement of financial instruments and a single, forward-looking 'expected-loss' impairment model, as well as a substantially reformed approach to hedge accounting. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the final standard is expected to have on its condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

IFRS 7 Financial Instruments – Disclosure

IFRS 7 was amended to require additional disclosures on transition from IAS 39 to IFRS 9. The standard is effective on adoption of IFRS 9, which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this standard is expected to have on its condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

IFRS 16 – Leases

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 – Leases ("IFRS 16") which replaces IAS 17 – Leases and its associated interpretative guidance, and will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Early adoption is permitted, provided the Company has adopted IFRS 15. This standard sets out a new model for lease accounting. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the final standard is expected to have on its condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

5. INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of the following:

	Number of Shares	Cost	Accumulated Unrealized Gains	March 31, 2017 Fair Value	December 31, 2016 Fair Value
Levon Resources Ltd.	6,650	\$ 126	\$ 2,667	\$ 2,793	\$ 1,929
SciVac Therapeutics Inc.	333	539	1,878	2,417	1,380
		\$ 665	\$ 4,545	\$ 5,210	\$ 3,309

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements
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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	Silver Stream Claims	Surprise Lake Claims	Total Mineral Property Claims
Balance, January 1, 2016	\$ 294,387	\$ -	\$ 294,387
Exploration costs incurred during the year:			
Geological consulting costs	3,275	-	3,275
Taxes and licensing costs	2,844	-	2,844
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$ 300,506	\$ -	\$ 300,506
Acquisition costs	-	1,623,497	1,623,497
Exploration costs incurred during the period:			
Geological consulting costs	2,343	300	2,643
Taxes and licensing	500	-	500
Balance, March 31, 2017	\$ 303,349	\$ 1,623,797	\$ 1,927,146

Surprise Lake Property

On February 23, 2017, the Company announced that it had closed a definitive agreement (the "Agreement") with DeCoors Mining Corp. ("DeCoors") to acquire the Surprise Lake Property, located near Atlin, British Columbia, consisting of 32 mineral claims, and covering an area of 5,144 hectares. The Agreement also includes six other early-stage mineral exploration properties comprising a further 55 mineral claims, all located in British Columbia. In consideration of the acquisitions, the Company has issued to DeCoors for the Surprise Lake Property 4.0 million common shares and reimbursed DeCoors for its location and exploration costs on the Surprise Lake Property in the amount of \$30,000. The other properties have been acquired for only nominal consideration. DeCoors will retain a 1.5% net smelter returns royalty (the "NSR") on each of the purchased properties, until the Company has paid \$2.0 million under the NSR of any property placed into commercial production. Each NSR will be subject to the Company's exclusive option to purchase all or any part of the NSR at any time at the rate of \$666,667 for every one-third of a NSR (i.e., 0.5% NSR), or \$2.0 million in the aggregate for the total NSR.

Silver Stream Claims

The Company has a 100% interest in two mineral claims in the Lillooet mining district of British Columbia, subject to a 3% net smelter returns royalty, known as Silver Stream 1 and Silver Stream 2 claims, collectively the Silver Stream Claims.

The Company has entered into a mining lease agreement for the Silver Stream 2 property with David R. Deering ("Deering") and Saxifrage Geological Services Ltd. ("Saxifrage"). In accordance with the terms of the agreement, Deering and Saxifrage have agreed to pay the Company an annual rental of \$10,000 for a term of seven years, with the first payment due on December 12, 2015. On December 12, 2015, the parties agreed that the first annual rental payment of \$10,000 would be postponed, added to the succeeding annual rentals, and paid in equal annual installments of \$2,000 starting December 12, 2016. In addition, the Company granted Deering and Saxifrage an option to purchase the property for \$500,000 payable at any time during the term of the agreement, subject to a 5% Net Smelter Returns Royalty on metals and a 5% Gross Overriding Royalty on any jade production. Any future royalty payments due to the Company from Deering and Saxifrage after the exercise of option shall be reduced by \$500,000. On May 2, 2016, the parties further agreed that Deering and Saxifrage would perform exploration and development work of at least \$12,000 in value in lieu of the \$12,000 payment due on December 12, 2016.

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
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For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

7. RECLAMATION DEPOSIT

As at March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company has hypothecated a term deposit in the amount of \$3,000 as security to the Province of British Columbia for future mineral claims site reclamation costs.

8. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Authorized: Unlimited common shares without par value.

(b) Issued:

In February 2017, the Company issued 4,000,000 common shares as part of the consideration to DeCoors for the acquisition of the Surprise Lake Property.

In February 2017, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 1,000,000 units at a price of \$0.30 per unit for gross proceeds of \$300,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one half non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each full warrant will entitle the investor to purchase one additional common share at \$0.50 for a term of one year expiring on February 15, 2018.

In February 2017, the Company issued 100,000 common shares upon the exercise of 100,000 share purchase warrants for gross proceeds of \$10,000.

In August 2016, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 1,055,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of \$52,750. Each unit consists of one common share and one non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each warrant will entitle the investor to purchase one additional common share at \$0.10 for a term of two years expiring on August 15, 2018.

In July 2016, the Company close a non-brokered private placement of 2,500,000 units at a price of \$0.02 per unit with Mr. David Wolfin, the President and Chief Executive Officer and a director of the Company, for gross proceeds of \$50,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each warrant will entitle the investor to purchase one additional common share at \$0.05 for a term of two years expiring on July 6, 2018.

(c) Share purchase warrants

At March 31, 2017, the Company had 4,730,000 (December 31, 2016 – 4,330,000) share purchase warrants outstanding.

(d) Stock option plan

The Company established a stock option plan, under which it may grant stock options totalling in aggregate up to 10% of the Company's total number of shares issued and outstanding on a non-diluted basis, and to any one optionee in a 12 month period not to exceed 5% of the total number of shares issued and outstanding on a non-diluted basis. The stock option plan limits the options issuable within a one year period to regular employees and persons providing investor-relation or consulting services to 5% and 2% respectively of the Company's total number of issued and outstanding shares on a non-diluted basis on the date of grant.

The stock options are fully vested on the date of grant. The option price must be greater or equal to the discounted market price on the grant date, and the option expiry date can not exceed five years after the grant date.

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements
For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

8. SHARE CAPITAL

(d) Stock option plan (continued)

In February 2017, the Company granted 1,465,000 stock options to officers, directors, consultants, and employees at an exercise price of \$0.39 and expiring on February 23, 2022. The fair value of these options was calculated using the Black-Scholes model with a risk-free rate of 0.92%, expected dividend yield of 0%, expected option life of 5 years, expected stock volatility of 122.06%. The fair value at grant date was determined to be \$0.32 per share, and a total expense of \$468,800 was recorded to share-based compensation.

Prior to February 2017, the Company had no options outstanding, and none were granted in the prior year.

9. RELATED PARTY BALANCES, TRANSACTIONS, AND KEY MANAGEMENT COMPENSATION

(a) Key management compensation

The Company has identified its directors and certain senior officers as its key management personnel. The compensation costs for key management personnel for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	2017	2016
Consulting fees, wages and benefits	\$ 4,641	\$ 2,148

(b) Amounts due to related parties

In the normal course of operations the Company transacts with companies related to Avino's directors or officers. All amounts payable are non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand. As at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 the following amounts were due to related parties:

	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Oniva International Services Corp.	\$ 16,328	\$ -
John Buckle	1,658	-
	\$ 18,286	\$ -

(c) Promissory notes issued to related parties

As at March 31, 2017, \$197,005 (December 31, 2016 - \$197,005) was due to Oniva International Services Corp. ("Oniva"). The Company receives rent, office and administrative supplies, and services from Oniva, a private company related by common management.

At December 31, 2016, the Company and Oniva agreed to convert the amounts payable to a long-term promissory note payable that is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand after December 31, 2019.

The fair value of the promissory note at March 31, 2017 was \$142,320 (December 31, 2016 - \$138,175). The Company's calculations were performed using an interest rate of 12%, compounding quarterly over the three year period. The fair value adjustment of \$4,145 (2016 - \$Nil) was recognized in other expenses.

Gray Rock Resources Ltd.
Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements
For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

9. RELATED PARTY BALANCES, TRANSACTIONS, AND KEY MANAGEMENT COMPENSATION
(continued)

(d) Related party transactions

The Company entered into a loan agreement with one of its directors. At December 31, 2016, \$30,000 (2015 – \$30,000) of the loan payable was converted into a long-term promissory note payable. The note payable is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and is due on demand after December 31, 2019.

The fair value of the promissory note at March 31, 2017 was \$21,673 (December 31, 2016 - \$21,042). The Company's calculations were performed using an interest rate of 12% compounding quarterly over the period. The fair value adjustment of \$631 (2016 - \$Nil) was recognized in other expenses.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, \$21,918 (2016 - \$8,435) was charged for office, occupancy, miscellaneous costs and salaries, and administrative services paid on behalf of the Company by Oniva. Further, the Company paid \$560 of administrative fees (2016 - \$274) to Oniva and \$500 (2016 - \$Nil) for reimbursement of mineral claim taxes, license fees, and staking.

The Company takes part in a cost-sharing arrangement to reimburse Oniva for a variable percentage of its overhead expenses, to reimburse 100% of its out-of-pocket expenses incurred on behalf of the Company, and to pay a percentage fee based on the total overhead and corporate expenses. The arrangement may be terminated with one-month notice by either party.

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair values of the Company's cash, loan from a related party, trade and other payables, and amounts due to related party approximate their carrying values because of the short-term nature of these instruments. The fair value of the Company's available for sale investments is detailed in Note 5.

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks comprising credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company's cash is exposed to credit risk. The Company manages credit risk, in respect of cash, by maintaining the majority of cash at high credit rated Canadian financial institutions.

Concentration of credit risk exists with respect to the Company's cash, as the majority of the amounts are held with a single Canadian financial institution.

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10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows required by operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. The Company had cash in the amount of \$261,819 (December 31, 2016 - \$51,287) in order to meet short-term business requirements. At March 31, 2017, the Company had current liabilities of \$42,672 (December 31, 2016 – \$30,985). Accounts payable have contractual maturities of approximately 30 to 90 days, or are due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms.

The maturity profiles of the Company's contractual obligations and commitments as at March 31, 2017, are summarized as follows:

	Total	Less Than 1 Year	1-5 years	More Than 5 Years
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 24,386	\$ 24,386	\$ -	\$ -
Due to related parties	245,311	18,286	227,005	-
Total	\$ 269,697	\$ 42,672	\$ 227,005	\$ -

(c) Market Risk

Market risk consists of interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, and other price risk. These are discussed further below.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk consists of two components:

- (i) To the extent that payments made or received on the Company's monetary assets and liabilities are affected by changes in the prevailing market interest rates, the Company is exposed to interest rate cash flow risk.
- (ii) To the extent that changes in prevailing market rates differ from the interest rate in the Company's monetary assets and liabilities, the Company is exposed to interest rate price risk.

The Company's cash is currently held in highly liquid short-term investments and therefore management considers the interest rate risk to be minimal.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk to the extent that monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in foreign currency.

At this time, the Company is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk, as the company currently has minimal transactions and balances in currencies other than the Canadian dollars.

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10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Market Risk (continued)

Other Price Risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

The Company is exposed to other price risk with respect to its investment in marketable securities, as they are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices.

(d) Classification of Financial instruments

IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the input to valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

- Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2017:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash	\$ 261,819	\$ -	\$ -
Investments	5,210	-	-
	\$ 267,029	\$ -	\$ -

11. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the exploration and development of its property and to maintain flexible capital structure for its projects for the benefit of its stakeholders. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of shareholders' equity. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares or adjust the amount of cash. Management reviews the capital structure on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to March 31, 2017, the Company issued 825,000 common shares upon the exercise of 825,000 warrants for gross proceeds of \$392,500. The Company also granted 50,000 stock options with an exercise price of \$0.39 for a term of two years, expiring on May 19, 2019, to a consultant.